

## Subnational Baselining for VKT and GHG.

Transport Knowledge Hub

21 November 2022

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make everyday better.

## Agenda

- Why?
- How?

What Now?

What Next?





#### **Emission Reduction Plan**

# The Government is committing to four transport targets

The Government has set four transport targets that will support these focus areas and align with achieving the sector sub-targets for transport.<sup>2</sup> This is approximately equivalent to a 41 per cent reduction in transport emissions by 2035 from 2019 levels.<sup>3</sup>

- ► Target 1 Reduce total kilometres<sup>4</sup> travelled by the light fleet by 20 per cent by 2035 through improved urban form and providing better travel options, particularly in our largest cities.
- Target 2 Increase zero-emissions vehicles to 30 per cent of the light fleet by 2035.
- ► Target 3 Reduce emissions from freight transport<sup>5</sup> by 35 per cent by 2035.
- Target 4 Reduce the emissions intensity of transport fuel by 10 per cent by 2035.





Why What Now What Next

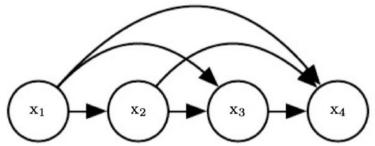


How do we define these "largest cities"?

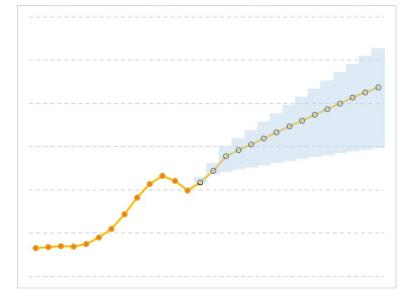


Why How What Now What Next





How do we disaggregate VKT to these cities?





#### Considerations

- Data availability
  - Continuity
  - Granularity
  - Coverage
- Integrate-ability
  - Many-to-one collapsible boundaries
  - Consistent assumptions
- Update-ability
  - Feature projections



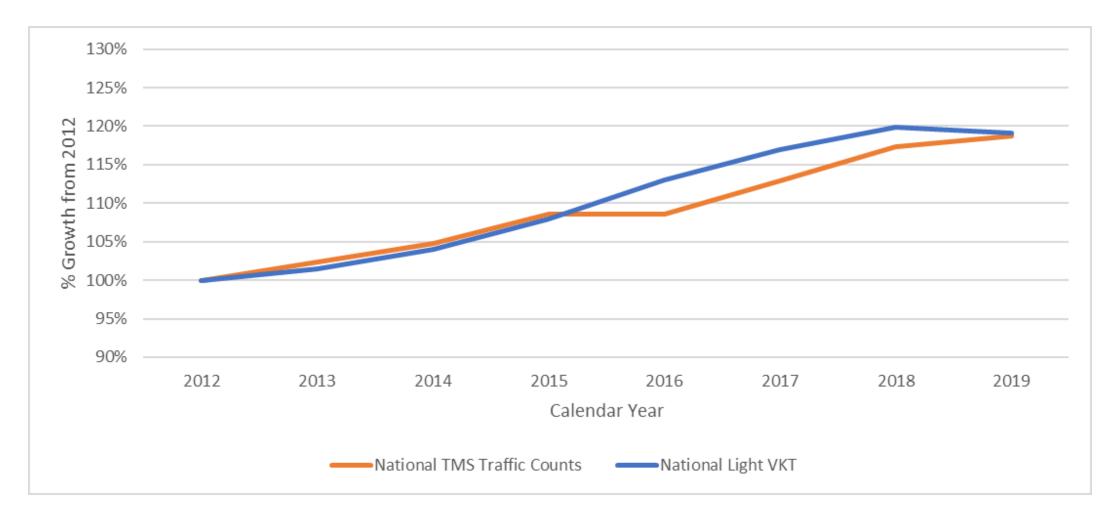
Why	How	What Nov	N	What Next	
Data Sources	Dataset	Continuity	Granularity	Coverage	
Waka Kotahi	TMS	2012 – 2022	Links	Localised sites	
	RAMM	2002 – 2020	TLAs	Nation-wide	
	Projected VKT	2002 to 2050	Nation	Nation-wide	
	Emission Model	2001 to 2050	N/A	N/A	
	Emission Dataset	2019 and 2020	Links	Nation-wide	
Ministry of Transport	Quarterly Observed VKT	2002 Q1 to 2021 Q2	11 regions	Nation-wide	
	Regional Observed VKT	2012/13 to 2018/19	14 regions	Nation-wide	
	Projected VKT	5-year increments (2022/23 to 2057/58)	14 regions	Nation-wide	
	Emission Model	2001 to 2055	Nation	Nation-wide	
Local Government Transport Models	Auckland, Christchurch, Wellington	AKL: 2018, 2038			
		CHC: 2018, 2038	Links	Urban-centres	
		WLG: 2013, 2036			
Statistics New Zealand	Census	5-year increments (2018 to 2058)	SA2s	Nation-wide	

Why	How	Wha	t Now		What Nex	t
Design Principles		Transport Models	Region	FUA	TLA	Spatial Areas
Reflect material differences in travel patterns of likely type of intervention		Υ		Y		Y
Account for future urban areas expected within 2035 horizon		Υ			Υ	Y
Align with definitions used in common, long running forecasts		Y	Y		Y	Y
Align with jurisdictional boundaries that may have different responses					Υ	Y
Align with existing policy definitions		Υ			Y	Y
Align with purpose of the work and ability to readily update the assessments			Υ		Υ	Y
Align with transport models to data in needed	to allow transfer for forecasting	Y	Y		Y	Y

- Fulltime Employment
- Working Age Population
- Petrol Elasticity
- Historical RAMM
- Transport Model Outputs



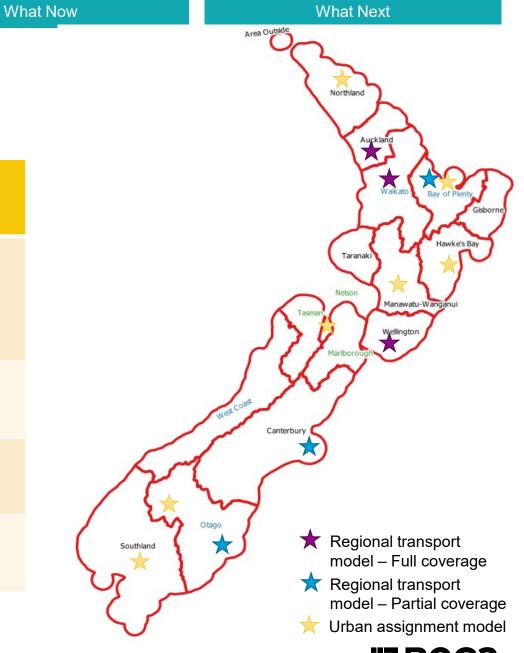
Why How What Now What Next





Why How

	Auckland	Christchurch	Wellington		
Inputs Considered	Household (by type), Employment (by type), Population (by age), School Roll (by type), Air Passenger, Special Services (e.g. hospitals and parks)				
Model Base	2018	2018	2013		
Model Future	2038	2028 / 2038	2036		
Modelled Periods	AM, IP, PM	AM, IP, PM, ON	AM, IP, PM		



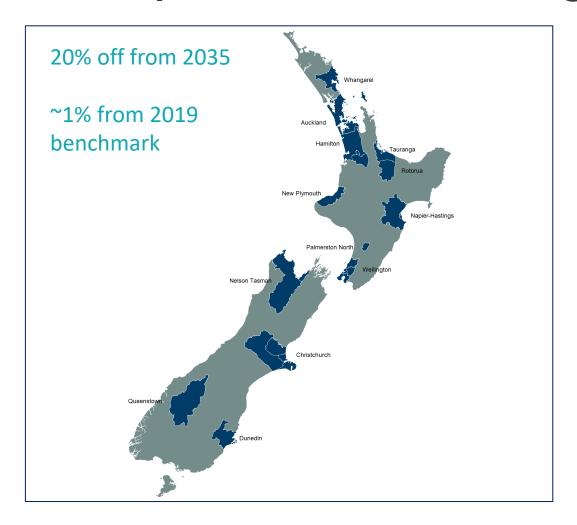


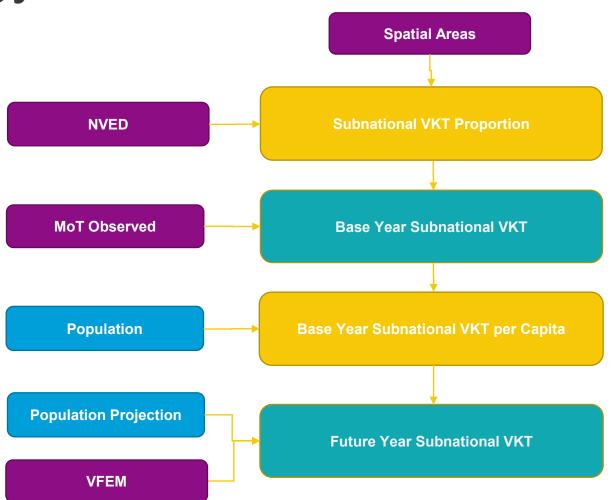
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Why What Now What Next

### Adopted Methodology







### Future Improvement Opportunities

- Additional Features:
  - Transport model outputs

Increase complexity on national level adjustment factors



## Thank you!



